## SAMPLE BALLOT FRONT

**INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTER:** To vote for the issue/candidate of your choice, **fill in the oval next to the issue/candidate you want to vote for.** Place your ballot inside the secrecy sleeve and then take your ballot to the ballot box.

If you make a mistake while voting, return the ballot to the election official for a new one. A vote which has been erased or changed will not be counted.



State of Alaska Official Ballot Primary Election, August 19, 2014 HD 15

Alaska Republican Party

**Instructions**: To vote, completely fill in the oval next to your choice, like this:

United States Senator (vote for one)	
Sullivan, Dan	Republican
	Republican
◯ Jaramillo, John M.	Republican
◯ Miller, Joe	Republican
United States Representative (vote for one)	
Seaward, David	Republican
Young, Don	Republican
Cox, John R.	Republican
Obhner, David F. "Dave"	Republican
Governor (vote for one)	
Parnell, Sean R.	Republican
Snowden, Brad	Republican
─ Heikes, Gerald L. "Tap"	Republican
◯ Millette, Russ	Republican
Lieutenant Governor (vote for one)	
Sullivan, Dan	Republican
─Wolf, Kelly J.	Republican
State Representative District 15 (vote for one)	
C LeDoux, Gabrielle	Republican

**Continue Voting on Next Side** 

## **SAMPLE BALLOT BACK**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTER:** To vote for the issue/candidate of your choice, **fill in the oval next to the issue/candidate you want to vote for.** Place your ballot inside the secrecy sleeve and then take your ballot to the ballot box.

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	Ballot Measure No. 1 - Referendum 13SB21	
	An Act Relating to the Oil and Gas Production Tax,	
	Interest Rates on Overdue Taxes, and Tax Credits	
and oil surcharge (collectively, "p	Ballot Measure 1 eject a law amending provisions of Title 43 of the Alaska Statutes governing the oil and gas production tax") and the statutory interest rate for delinquent taxes. The law provides a corporate incorvice-industry expenditures and establishes an Oil and Gas Competitiveness Review Board in the De	me tax
the annual production tax value o	to the production tax. For oil and gas produced after January 1, 2014, the law increases the base tax of oil and gas produced from leases or properties in the state from 25 percent to 35 percent. The law "which applies only in a month in which a producer's average monthly production tax value exceeds	
(called a "gross revenue exclusion	il and gas produced from leases or properties on the North Slope would be eligible for a 20-percent re on") in the gross value at the point of production. The gross revenue exclusion applies only to oil and a not in a unit on January 1, 2003, from a new participating area (reservoir), or from acreage added to a	gas
state leases for which the lessee	al 10-percent gross revenue exclusion for oil and gas produced from a North Slope unit that consists (the producer of the oil and gas) is obligated to pay the state a royalty share (in money or in kind) that we of the oil or gas produced from the lease.	
	be tax credits may be used to permit a taxpayer to apply a credit against its tax, or receive a certificate allowing only half the credit to be applied in a single calendar year).	e, in a
Neither credit is transferable or recredit of \$5 per barrel of taxable Slope taxable oil that does not que gross value at the point of producthan \$80 a barrel to \$0 a barrel versions.	s for North Slope producers of oil and gas that may be applied against the producer's production taxe edeemable for cash, nor may any unused portion be carried forward to a later calendar year. The first oil that qualifies for the gross revenue exclusion. The second is a sliding-scale credit for each barrel cualify for a gross revenue exclusion. The sliding-scale credit varies, and is based on \$10 increments oction. It ranges from \$8 a barrel in a month in which the average gross value at the point of production equals or exceeds \$150 a barrel. At a gross verience, the credit would be \$5 per barrel.	t is a of Nor of the n is le
The law eliminates the 20-percer	nt tax credit for qualified capital expenditures on the North Slope after January 1, 2014.	
credit to 45 percent of a loss from	vard credit for losses incurred to explore, develop, or produce North Slope oil and gas by increasing the n January 1, 2014, to January 1, 2016. After January 1, 2016, the North Slope loss credit would be 39-percent loss credit for expenditures incurred south of the North Slope.	
	ation tax credit under AS 43.55.025 for five years for certain exploration projects, and removes a qualince for exploration wells drilled outside the Cook Inlet sedimentary basin and south of the North Slope	
	n on gas used in the state so it would not apply to gas first produced after December 31, 2012, and b tside the Cook Inlet sedimentary basin and south of the North Slope.	efore
The law also lowers the interest is greater, to three percent above	rate that applies to overdue taxes from five percent above the applicable federal rate, or 11 percent, ve the applicable federal rate.	whiche
The law substitutes the Alaska N appropriating funds to the Comm	let Income Tax Act for the progressivity tax as a suggested funding source for the legislature to consi- nunity Revenue Sharing Fund.	der w
qualify for credit include manufac development, or production of oil corporate income tax liability. The years. An expenditure that is the	ska Net Income Tax Act for expenditures related to the oil and gas service industry. Expenditures that cturing or modifying tangible personal property in Alaska if that property will be used in the exploration and gas. The credit may not exceed \$10 million in a calendar year, and applies only against a taxpa e credit may not be transferred or redeemed for cash, and any unused portion may be carried forward basis for this credit may not be used as a deduction from the taxpayer's income tax, a credit or dedu 3, or for any federal tax credit that a taxpayer may take under Alaska law.	n, yer's d for fi
fiscal policies and levels of inves competitive position to attract an	Gas Competitiveness Review Board in the Department of Revenue. The Board's duties include consict transfer to oil and gas exploration, development, and production in the state and reviewing the d maintain investment in the oil and gas sector in the state. The Board is required to make reports to der the law, the Board would exist until February 28, 2021.	state's
Most of the law would take effect apply retroactively to January 1,	t on or after January 1, 2014, except for sections related to transferable tax credits. Those sections w 2013.	ould
A yes vote rejects the law. A no v	vote approves the law.	
Should this law be rejected?		
YES	NO	